

Section 2 Guided Reading and Review



A Culture in Conflict

A. Main Ideas

As you read Section 2, fill in the developments of the 1920s in the table below.

Science	Art and Architecture	Literature
1.	4.	7.
2.	5.	8.
3.	6.	
Popular Culture	Society	
9.	11.	
10.	12.	

B. Reviewing Key Terms

Briefly define each of the following terms.

13. cubism _____

14. stream of consciousness _____

15. Jazz Age _____

16. flapper _____

Section 3 **Guided Reading and Review**



Fascism in Italy

A. Main Ideas

Complete the outline below by filling in the missing items as you read Section 3.

I. Fascism in Italy

A. Rise of Mussolini

- Postwar Italy faced disorder, unemployment, declining trade, rising taxes, and an inefficient government.

1. _____

2. _____

B. Mussolini's Italy

- After Mussolini seized power, Italy became a dictatorship in which criticism and free speech were not tolerated.

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

C. What Is Fascism?

- In the 1920s and 1930s, fascism was rooted in extreme nationalism, glorified violence and blind loyalty to the state, was antidemocratic, and pursued aggressive foreign expansion.

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

B. Reviewing Key Terms and People

Briefly define or identify each of the following.

9. Fascist party _____
10. Black Shirts _____
11. Il Duce _____
12. corporate state _____

Section 4 **Guided Reading and Review**



Hitler and the Rise of Nazi Germany

A. Main Ideas

Each of the following statements is either true or false. As you read Section 4, mark each statement true or false. If a statement is false, correct the statement.

	True or False	Correct Statement
1. The only issue on which Germans of all classes supported the Weimar Republic was their approval of the Versailles treaty.		
2. As leader of the Nazi party, Hitler promised to end reparations, create jobs, and rearm Germany.		
3. Unlike the Fascists, Hitler's Nazi party expanded women's rights and offered them new opportunities.		
4. As part of Hitler's scheme to "purify" German culture, the Nazis supported Christianity and allowed freedom of religion.		
5. Although most Germans were won over by Hitler's fiery speeches and economic successes, a few spoke out against his rule.		
6. As early as 1935, Hitler began to move to limit the rights of Jews.		

B. Reviewing Key Terms

Briefly define each of the following terms.

- 7. Dawes Plan _____
- 8. *Mein Kampf* _____
- 9. Third Reich _____
- 10. *Kristallnacht* _____
- 11. concentration camp _____