



NEW NATION

1. What were the weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation?	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Provided for a weak national government2. Gave congress no power to tax or regulate commerce among states3. Provided for no common currency4. Gave each state one vote regardless of size5. Provided for no executive or judicial branch of government
2. What does regulate mean?	To control according to a rule
3. What is commerce?	The buying and selling of goods
4. What is currency?	Paper money
5. What is the executive branch of government?	The chief officer of a government (i.e. President)
6. What is the judicial branch of government?	Courts of law
7. What is the federal system of government?	A system that divides the governmental powers between national government and states' governments
8. What was the structure of the new national government based on?	James Madison's Virginia Plan
9. How did the Virginia Plan call for the government to be organized?	Into three separate branches of government

10. Who makes up the Legislative branch of government?	Congress
11. What is Congress?	Congress is a two-house legislature in which all states are represented equally in the Senate (two Senators per state) and people are represented in the House of Representatives (number of a state's representatives is based on state's population).
12. How many Senators are from each state?	2
13. How many Representatives from each state are in the House of Representatives?	It's based on the state's population
14. Who makes up the judicial branch?	Supreme court
15. What does the judicial branch of government do?	Determines if laws made by Congress are Constitutional
16. Who makes up the Executive branch of government?	The President
17. What is the President's job?	To carry out the laws
18. What are checks and balances?	Each branch of government can check the power of the other
19. Why are checks and balances a good thing?	These checks keep any one branch from gaining too much power
20. Who wrote the Bill of Rights?	James Madison

<p>21. What do the first ten amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America do?</p>	<p>They provide a written guarantee of individual rights like freedom of speech or freedom of religion</p>
<p>22. Who was Alexander Hamilton?</p>	<p>Leader of the Federalists</p>
<p>23. What did the Federalists want?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A strong national government • Limits on states' powers • Development of industry on a national scale • A national bank
<p>24. Who was Thomas Jefferson?</p>	<p>Leader of the Democratic Republicans</p>
<p>25. What did the Democratic Republicans want?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A weak national government • Strong states' powers • Small businesses and farmers • Opposed a national bank
<p>26. All of the first five presidents, except John Adams, were from what state?</p>	<p>Virginia</p>
<p>27. Name four important things that happened during George Washington's presidency.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Federal court system was established 2. Political parties grew over the proper role of the national government 3. The Bill of Rights was added to the US Constitution 4. Plans were established for a national capital in Washington DC

28. Where is the national capital?	Washington DC
29. Who helped complete the design for Washington DC?	Benjamin Banneker
30. Who was Benjamin Banneker?	An African American astronomer and surveyor
31. What important thing happened during John Adams's presidency?	A two party system emerged
32. Name two things that happened during Thomas Jefferson's presidency?	He bought Louisiana from France (Louisiana Purchase) and Lewis and Clark explored this new land west of the Mississippi
33. What was an important event that happened during James Madison's presidency?	The War of 1812 caused Europe to have respect for the United States
34. What did James Monroe do during his presidency?	He wrote the Monroe Doctrine to warn European nations not to interfere with the Western Hemisphere